

# Assignment 3, Part 1, Specification

SFWR ENG 2AA4

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The purpose of this software design exercise is to design and implement a portion of the specification for an autonomous rescue robot. This document shows the complete specification, which will be the basis for your implementation and testing.

# Constants Module

## Module

Constants

## Uses

N/A

## Syntax

### Exported Constants

MAX\_X = 180 *//dimension in the x-direction of the problem area*

MAX\_Y = 160 *//dimension in the y-direction of the problem area*

TOLERANCE = 5 *//space allowance around obstacles*

VELOCITY\_LINEAR = 15 *//speed of the robot when driving straight*

VELOCITY\_ANGULAR = 30 *//speed of the robot when turing*

### Exported Access Programs

none

## Semantics

### State Variables

none

### State Invariant

none

# Point ADT Module

## Template Module

PointT

## Uses

Constants

## Syntax

### Exported Types

PointT = ?

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
PointT	real, real	PointT	InvalidPointException
xcrd		real	
ycrd		real	
dist	PointT	real	

## Semantics

### State Variables

*xc*: real

*yc*: real

### State Invariant

none

### Assumptions

The constructor PointT is called for each abstract object before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object.

## Access Routine Semantics

PointT( $x, y$ ):

- transition:  $xc, yc := x, y$
- output:  $out := self$
- exception  $exc := ((\neg(0 \leq x \leq \text{Constants.MAX\_X}) \vee \neg(0 \leq y \leq \text{Constants.MAX\_Y})) \Rightarrow \text{InvalidPointException})$

xcrd():

- output:  $out := xc$
- exception: none

ycrd():

- output:  $out := yc$
- exception: none

dist( $p$ ):

- output:  $out := \sqrt{(self.xc - p.xc)^2 + (self.yc - p.yc)^2}$
- exception: none

# Region Module

## Template Module

RegionT

## Uses

PointT

## Syntax

### Exported Types

RegionT = ?

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
RegionT	PointT, real, real	RegionT	InvalidRegionException
pointInRegion	PointT	boolean	

## Semantics

### State Variables

*lower\_left*: PointT //coordinates of the lower left corner of the region

*width*: real //width of the rectangular region

*height*: real //height of the rectangular region

### State Invariant

None

### Assumptions

The RegionT constructor is called for each abstract object before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor can only be called once.

## Access Routine Semantics

RegionT( $p, w, h$ ):

- transition:  $lower\_left, width, height := p, w, h$
- output:  $out := self$
- exception:

$$\begin{aligned} exc := & \neg(w > 0 \wedge \\ & h > 0 \wedge \\ & (p.xcrd() + w) \leq \text{Constants.MAX\_X} \wedge \\ & (p.ycrd() + h) \leq \text{Constants.MAX\_Y}) \Rightarrow \text{InvalidRegionException} \end{aligned}$$

pointInRegion( $p$ ):

- output:  $out := \exists(q : \text{PointT} \mid q \in \text{Region} : p.\text{dist}(q) \leq \text{Constants.TOLERANCE})$
- exception: none

## Local Functions

Region: set of PointT

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Region} \equiv & \cup(q : \text{PointT} \mid \\ & lower\_left.xcrd \leq q.xcrd \leq (lower\_left.xcrd + width) \wedge \\ & lower\_left.ycrd \leq q.ycrd \leq (lower\_left.ycrd + height) : \{q\}) \end{aligned}$$

# Generic List Module

## Generic Template Module

GenericList(T)

### Uses

N/A

### Syntax

#### Exported Types

GenericList(T) = ?

#### Exported Constants

MAX.SIZE = 100

#### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
GenericList		GenericList	
add	integer, T		FullSequenceException, InvalidPositionException
del	integer		InvalidPositionException
setval	integer, T		InvalidPositionException
getval	integer	T	InvalidPositionException
size		integer	

### Semantics

#### State Variables

$s$ : sequence of T

#### State Invariant

$|s| \leq \text{MAX\_SIZE}$

## Assumptions

The `GenericList()` constructor is called for each abstract object before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor can only be called once.

## Access Routine Semantics

`GenericList()`:

- transition:  $self.s := \langle \rangle$
- output:  $out := self$
- exception: none

`add( $i, p$ )`:

- transition:  $s := s[0..i-1] \parallel \langle p \rangle \parallel s[i..|s|-1]$
- exception:  $exc := (|s| = \text{MAX\_SIZE} \Rightarrow \text{FullSequenceException} \mid i \notin [0..|s|] \Rightarrow \text{InvalidPositionException})$

`del( $i$ )`:

- transition:  $s := s[0..i-1] \parallel s[i+1..|s|-1]$
- exception:  $exc := (i \notin [0..|s|-1] \Rightarrow \text{InvalidPositionException})$

`setval( $i, p$ )`:

- transition:  $s[i] := p$
- exception:  $exc := (i \notin [0..|s|-1] \Rightarrow \text{InvalidPositionException})$

`getval( $i$ )`:

- output:  $out := s[i]$
- exception:  $exc := (i \notin [0..|s|-1] \Rightarrow \text{InvalidPositionException})$

`size()`:

- output:  $out := |s|$
- exception: none

## **Path Module**

### **Template Module**

PathT is GenericList(PointT)

## **Obstacles Module**

### **Template Module**

Obstacles is GenericList(RegionT)

## **Destinations Module**

### **Template Module**

Destinations is GenericList(RegionT)

## **SafeZone Module**

### **Template Module**

SafeZone extends GenericList(RegionT)

## **Exported Constants**

MAX\_SIZE = 1

# Map Module

## Module

Map

## Uses

Obstacles, Destinations, SafeZone

## Syntax

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
init	Obstacles, Destinations, SafeZone		
get_obstacles		Obstacles	
get_destinations		Destinations	
get_safeZone		SafeZone	

## Semantics

### State Variables

*obstacles* : Obstacles

*destinations* : Destinations

*safeZone* : SafeZone

### State Invariant

none

### Assumptions

The access routine `init()` is called for the abstract object before any other access routine is called. If the map is changed, `init()` can be called again to change the map.

### Access Routine Semantics

`init(o, d, sz)`:

- transition:  $obstacles, destinations, safeZone := o, d, sz$

- exception: none

get\_obstacles():

- output:  $out := obstacles$
- exception: none

get\_destinations():

- output:  $out := destinations$
- exception: none

get\_safeZone():

- output:  $out := safeZone$
- exception: none

# Path Calculation Module

## Module

PathCalculation

## Uses

Constants, PointT, RegionT, PathT, Obstacles, Destinations, SafeZone, Map

## Syntax

### Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
is_validSegment	PointT, PointT	boolean	
is_validPath	PathT	boolean	
is_shortestPath	PathT	boolean	
totalDistance	PathT	real	
totalTurns	PathT	integer	
estimatedTime	PathT	real	

## Semantics

$\text{is\_validSegment}(p_1, p_2)$ :

- output:  $out := \forall(i : \mathbb{N} | 0 \leq i < \text{Map.get\_obstacles.size}() : \text{is\_valid\_segment\_for\_region}(p_1, p_2, i))$
- exception: none

$\text{is\_validPath}(p)$ :

- output:

$out :=$

$\text{Map.get\_safeZone.getval}(0).\text{pointInRegion}(p.\text{getval}(0)) \wedge$   
 $\text{Map.get\_safeZone.getval}(0).\text{pointInRegion}(p.\text{getval}(p.\text{size}() - 1)) \wedge$   
 $\forall(i : \mathbb{N} | 0 \leq i < \text{Map.get\_destinations.size}() : \text{pathPassesThroughDestination}(p, i)) \wedge$   
 $\forall(i : \mathbb{N} | 0 \leq i < p.\text{size}() - 1 : \text{is\_validSegment}(p.\text{getval}(i), p.\text{getval}(i + 1)))$

- exception: none

is\_shortestPath( $p$ ):

- output:

$$out := \forall(q : \text{PathT} \mid \text{is\_validPath}(q) : \text{is\_validPath}(p) \wedge \text{totalDistance}(p) \leq \text{totalDistance}(q))$$

- exception: none

totalDistance( $p$ ):

- output:

$$out := + (i : \mathbb{N} \mid 0 \leq i < (p.\text{size}() - 1) : p.\text{getval}(i).\text{dist}(p.\text{getval}(i + 1)))$$

- exception: none

totalTurns( $p$ ):

- output:

$$out := + (i : \mathbb{N} \mid 0 \leq i < (p.\text{size}() - 2) : \text{angle}(p.\text{getval}(i), p.\text{getval}(i + 1), p.\text{getval}(i + 2)) \neq 0 : 1)$$

- exception: none

estimatedTime( $p$ ):

- output:  $out := \text{linear\_time}(p) + \text{angular\_time}(p)$

- exception: none

## Local Functions

**is\_valid\_segment\_for\_region:**  $\text{PointT} \times \text{PointT} \times \text{integer} \rightarrow \text{boolean}$

$\text{is\_valid\_segment\_for\_region}(p_1, p_2, i) \equiv$

$$\forall(t : \mathbb{R} \mid 0 \leq t \leq 1 : \neg \text{Map.get\_obstacles.getval}(i).\text{pointInRegion}(tp_1 + (1 - t)p_2))$$

**pathPassesThroughDestination:**  $\text{PathT} \times \text{integer} \rightarrow \text{boolean}$

$\text{pathPassesThroughDestination}(p, i) \equiv$

$$\exists(q : \text{PointT} \mid q \in \text{Path} : \text{Map.get\_destinations.getval}(i).\text{pointInRegion}(q))$$

where  $\text{Path} \equiv p$ . This solution assumes that the sequence of points in the path include points within the destination regions. This assumption is fine, but if one decided not to make this assumption, then the definition of  $\text{Path}$  is a little more involved, as follows:

$$\text{Path} \equiv \cup(i : \mathbb{N} | 0 \leq i < (p.\text{size}() - 1) : \text{LineSeg}(p.\text{getval}(i), p.\text{getval}(i + 1)))$$

where  $\text{LineSeg}$ : set of  $\text{PointT}$ ,  $\text{LineSeg}(p_1, p_2) \equiv \cup(t : \mathbb{R} | 0 \leq t \leq 1 : \{tp_1 + (1 - t)p_2\})$ .

**angle**:  $\text{PointT} \times \text{PointT} \times \text{PointT} \rightarrow \text{real}$

$\text{angle}(p_1, p_2, p_3) \equiv \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}}{\|\mathbf{u}\| \|\mathbf{v}\|} \right)$  where  $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{p}_2 - \mathbf{p}_1$ ,  $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{p}_3 - \mathbf{p}_2$ ,  $\|\mathbf{u}\| = p_1.\text{dist}(p_2)$  and  $\|\mathbf{v}\| = p_2.\text{dist}(p_3)$ , with  $\mathbf{p}_i$  being the vector from the origin to the point  $p_i$  for  $i \in [1..3]$ .

**linear\_time**:  $\text{PathT} \rightarrow \text{real}$

$$\text{linear\_time}(p) \equiv + \left( i : \mathbb{N} | 0 \leq i < p.\text{size}() - 1 : \frac{p.\text{getval}(i).\text{dist}(p.\text{getval}(i + 1))}{\text{Constants.VELLOCITY\_LINEAR}} \right)$$

**angular\_time**:  $\text{PathT} \rightarrow \text{real}$

$$\text{angular\_time}(p) \equiv + \left( i : \mathbb{N} | 0 \leq i < p.\text{size}() - 2 : \frac{\text{angle}(p.\text{getval}(i), p.\text{getval}(i + 1), p.\text{getval}(i + 2))}{\text{Constants.VELLOCITY\_ANGULAR}} \right)$$